

METRIC SPACES: FINAL EXAM 2014

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Evaluation: $\min\left(100\%, \max\left(5 \text{ prb} \times 20\% \cdot \left[\frac{1.00}{1.15^{\text{top}}}\right], \sum_{i=1}^6 h/w \times 5\% + 5 \text{ prb} \times 14\% \cdot \left[\frac{1.00}{1.15^{\text{top}}}\right]\right)\right)$.

Problem 1. For all $x, y \in \mathbb{R}$ put $d(x, y) = \frac{|x - y|}{1 + |x - y|}$ by definition. Prove that the function $d: \mathbb{R} \times \mathbb{R} \rightarrow [0, 1)$ is a metric on \mathbb{R} .

Problem 2. Let (X, d_X) be a metric space and $S \subseteq X$ be a bounded subset in it. Prove that the closure \bar{S} is bounded and $\text{diam } \bar{S} = \text{diam } S$.

(By definition, $\text{diam}(\emptyset) = 0$ and $\text{diam}(S) = \sup_{x, y \in S} d_X(x, y)$ for a non-empty bounded set $S \subseteq X$.)

Problem 3. Let (X, d_X) be a metric space and $\{A_i \mid i \in \mathcal{I}\}$ be a family of connected subsets $A_i \subseteq X$ such that $A_i \cap A_j \neq \emptyset$ for all indexes $i, j \in \mathcal{I}$. Prove that the union $A = \bigcup_{i \in \mathcal{I}} A_i$ is connected.

Problem 4. Suppose for every $n \in \mathbb{N}$ that V_n is a non-empty closed subset of a sequentially compact space X and $V_n \supseteq V_{n+1}$. Prove that

$$\bigcap_{n=1}^{+\infty} V_n \neq \emptyset.$$

• Is this intersection always non-empty if the hypothesis of sequential compactness is discarded? (state and prove, e.g., by counterexample)

Problem 5. Let (X, d_X) be a non-empty complete metric space. Suppose that $f, g: X \rightarrow X$ are two Banach's contractions of X . Prove that there always exists a unique point $x_0 \in X$ such that $f(g(x_0)) = x_0$.

Date: April 3, 2014.

Do not postpone your success until May Day. GOOD LUCK!